

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, August 2.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, trace.
Temperature, Max. 81; Min. 71. Weather, fair.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 4.015c. Per Ton, 80.20.
88 Analysis Beets, 10s. 9d. Per Ton, 85.20.

VOL. L, NO. 8419.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

NEWELL KEEPS HAWAII IN MIND

Instrumental in Having
Leighton Sent
Here.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)
WASHINGTON, July 17.—All official Washington is counting, along with the few residents of Hawaii now in town, the days until the adjournment of the extra session of Congress. It is believed that the conferees will be through with their work in the course of four or five days and that in ten days or two weeks at the longest adjournment will come. But the President has come out insisting upon a free raw material program which apparently will necessitate some political work to compose the kickers among standpat Westerners.

Little is known of what the conferees are doing on tariff matters pertaining especially to Hawaii. An agreement is assured before long on pineapples, which is the largest item

(Continued on Page Two.)

RENT QUARTERS FOR A DEPOT

Army Commissary Department
Has Already Issued
Orders.

One of the reasons why the War Department has not been active in the erection of a depot quartermaster building here is because the building site is not satisfactory to the department. This news comes from George B. McClellan, secretary to Delegate Kuhio, in a letter to President Morgan of the Chamber of Commerce.

As to the army commissary department maintaining a supplies depot in Honolulu, Mr. McClellan says that orders have been issued to rent quarters in Honolulu to make the beginnings of such a depot.

The extent to which that depot will be developed depends not upon the Commissary-General at Washington, but upon the commander of the Department of California, who will act, probably, upon the advice of the local commanding officer.

Mr. McClellan states that the depot will presumably carry stores as are needed for local consumption, only. "Proper quarters," he says, "will be built later when the Quartermaster-General's department settles the question of further depot facilities." The Quartermaster-General told Mr. McClellan that if the merchants will submit a list of articles they are able to furnish he will offer them an opportunity to bid on supplies.

NOTHING DOING IN THE BRECKONS CASE

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)
WASHINGTON, July 22.—Attorney General Wickersham told Senator Warren today that there would be no further action or consideration of pending complaints against District Attorney Breckons. This is taken as meaning that the complaints made by Rev. Mr. Thwing to the President are settled. Senator Warren interprets it that way. Otherwise there have been no developments here in recent days of any particular Hawaiian interest. Vice President Cooke, of the Hawaiian Chamber of Commerce, is back in town today and is starting soon on a little trip to the South.
Mr. George B. McClellan is completing the details of preparations for the journey of the congressional party to Hawaii and says that everything is progressing satisfactorily.
ERNEST G. WALKER.

TUBERCULIN TEST APPROVED

Dairymen Meet and Discuss
the Proposed Milk
Ordinance.

The possibility and advisability of enforcing the tuberculin test for all cows, from which milk is sold in this county, was the chief topic of discussion at the open meeting held last night by the sanitary committee of the Board of Supervisors for the consideration of the proposed milk ordinance. That the tuberculin test is advisable seemed to be the general sentiment, but how to legislate fairly in regard to the matter seemed to be a problem.

As originally drafted, the ordinance required that all milk sold within the county should be from tuberculin tested cows, the ordinance to go into effect immediately. This raised considerable objection, D. P. R. Isenberg saying that the cows of the county could not be put to the test in less than a year's time. He also thought that the county should do the testing, in order to release the small dairyman from the burden of the expense.

In reply to a question from Chairman Logan, Territorial Veterinarian Nordgaard expressed the belief that the Board of Agriculture might undertake the testing, were the county to furnish the funds. He expressed the belief that the ordinance was pretty stiff in some respects. He called attention to the fact that milk is sold from some 2500 cows in this county, and that putting all of these animals to the tuberculin test would take some time.

Percy Pond thought that a campaign for the putting of all cows in the county to the tuberculin test might well be undertaken, and expressed the belief that Honolulu will find it comparatively easy to keep all cows up to standard once the test has been made.

On the other hand he believes that the test should be made at the expense of the authorities, though he himself has made provision for the testing of his cows.

Isenberg thought that the time has come for the putting all cows to the tuberculin test, but believes that the county should bear the expense. He has tested his cows.
Said he: "Are we going to allow only the milk barons to sell milk, or are we going to allow the poor man to engage in business also. Unless the county pays the cost of the tuberculin test, the poor man will be driven out of business. I am glad that the time has come when the dairy cattle are to be inspected, but I certainly believe that the county should bear the expense."

(Continued on Page Three.)

"HAWAII DAY" WILL BE AUGUST 24-25

SEATTLE, July 21.—The Hawaii delegation at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition is making elaborate preparations for the celebration of "Hawaii Day"—or rather Hawaii Days, for it has been decided to extend the formalities over a portion of two days, August 24 and 25. On the afternoon of the first day a formal reception will be held from 3 to 6 o'clock in the Washington State building, with an elaborate ball in the evening. The entire Hawaii delegation will assist Commissioner and Mrs. Knudsen in receiving and entertaining, and Kaai's orchestra will furnish the music. Invitations will be sent out within a few days to the directors and officials of the exposition and of the various state buildings, and their ladies, as well as to some of the prominent Seattle citizens.

On the second day the entertainment of the general public in the Hawaii building will be on an exceptionally elaborate scale. Fifty thousand "Aloha" buttons will be distributed if so many are necessary, a special musical program will be arranged by Kaai's Hawaiian orchestra, and bananas will be distributed to the multitude in so far as the supply that can be obtained, will permit.

It is hoped that Governor Frear and a large delegation from the islands will find it convenient to be present on this occasion to assist in making the day a notable one.

Commissioner Knudsen also has tentative plans for an informal luncheon or smoker dinner to be given for the leading officials and directors of the exposition, on one of the two days.

W. J. C.

Kukaulalii, the Hawaiian who made the mistake of selling wine so openly that License Inspector Fennell discovered him, was fine \$100 in the police court yesterday.

PLANS TRIP TO HAWAII IN LAUNCH

Seattle Letter Carrier
to Steam Here
From Sound.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 21.—In the big visitors' register in the Hawaiian building, at the Alaska-Yukon Exposition, William L. Lindsley, Carrier No. 5, Seattle postoffice, entered his name and occupation as just given, and then wrote in the column headed—"When do you expect to visit Hawaii?", the following: "From Seattle to Honolulu in a launch—1910 or 1911."

To one of the Hawaii officials who happened to be near at the time, Mr. Lindsley then unfolded his plans for a little holiday vacation, which, if he carries out, will constitute one of the most daring adventures on record. Not only does he propose to make this twenty-four hundred-mile trip in a little 34-foot gasoline launch, but he states that he will do it without the aid of other instruments for navigation than an ordinary magnetic compass.

(Continued on Page Five.)

RESERVOIR SITE IS RECEDED TO HAWAII

The Diamond Head reservoir site, which was taken by the War Department as a part of the military reservation, has been receded to the Territory, and there is a probability that still more of the reservation will be given back to the community in time.

This is one of the matters which the Governor took up with the Washington authorities on the occasion of his last trip east. Nothing was done in regard to the matter for some time, and the Governor wrote to Washington urging some action.

Yesterday Governor Frear received a copy of an order giving back to Hawaii the 5.52 acres comprising the reservoir site. The order stated, also, that, although the rest of the Diamond Head reservation is continued temporarily, it would be continued only until it should be determined how much of the land is needed for a permanent reservation.

Hawaii's Trade With Mainland

U. S. Government Bulletin.

Trade of the United States with its noncontiguous territory in the fiscal year 1909 exceeded that of any previous year and was more than three times as much as a decade ago. The term "noncontiguous territory" includes Alaska and all the insular area under the control of the United States—Porto Rico, the Hawaiian Islands, the Philippine Islands, Guam, Midway, Tutuila, etc. While the details of the trade for June, the final month of the fiscal year, are not yet at hand, sufficient information regarding the year's business is in possession of the Bureau of Statistics to justify the statement that the total trade with the noncontiguous territory in the fiscal year 1909 will amount to about \$160,000,000, against approximately \$50,000,000 in 1898.

As sources of supply for the markets of the United States the Hawaiian Islands take first rank in this group of noncontiguous territories, the value of merchandise shipped therefrom to continental United States aggregating in the full fiscal year in round terms \$40,000,000; from Porto Rico about \$26,000,000; from Alaska over \$13,000,000; and from the Philippine Islands about \$9,000,000.

Sugar is the most important article received from Hawaii and Porto Rico, with tobacco ranking second in the case of Porto Rico; hemp is by far the most important article received from the Philippine Islands; and canned salmon, furs, and copper the most important articles of merchandise received from Alaska. Of gold, however, the value from Alaska is considerably greater than all of the merchandise which it sends, the total for the eleven months of the fiscal year 1909, for which figures are available, amounting to \$17,500,000, against \$11,333,000 in the same months of last year, indicating that the total gold receipts from Alaska during the fiscal year will amount to approximately \$18,500,000, or about two and one-half times as much as was paid for the territory originally, these figures of gold receipts relating only to that produced from mines within the territory, while some \$2,500,000 or \$3,000,000 worth of foreign production, presumably that of the Klondike region adjacent to that of the American territory, also reaches the United States from Alaska.

Sugar sent from the Hawaiian Islands to the United States is slightly less in quantity and value in 1909 than in 1908, the total quantity for the eleven months ending with May being 900,000,000 pounds, valued at \$33,000,000, against 940,000,000 pounds in the corresponding months of last year, valued at \$34,333,000. Thirty-five million pounds of the sugar sent this year is in the refined state, against slightly more than 18,000,000 in the corresponding months of 1908, and slightly less than 18,000,000 in 1907, thus indicating a growing disposition to refine the domestic product before sending it to the United States, though the share sent in the refined state is up to this time very small. Canned fruits also show a marked increase, the value of canned fruits sent from the Hawaiian Islands to the United States in the eleven months ending with May, 1909, being \$1,112,000, against \$624,000 in the corresponding months of 1908, and \$258,000 in 1907.

YEAR'S BUILDING BREAKS RECORD

Statistics Show Forty Per Cent
More Work Than in
1908.

Building activities in this city so far this year exceed those of 1908 by more than 40 per cent., according to Architect H. L. Kerr. Kerr is making up some statistics for the annual report of the Chamber of Commerce, and his investigations show that building is greatly on the increase in all directions.

"Not only does the amount of building which has been carried on through the last year much exceed that of the year before, but the type of the structures is far superior," said Kerr yesterday. "The 1908 record was swelled by the rebuilding in Chinatown, but even at that was not comparable with that of this year. The buildings that have been completed since the last data were collected, and those now under construction, are of the very highest type, and are an honor to Honolulu."

As the year 1908 was considered a record-breaker, the 1909 showing is particularly satisfactory to business men. One of the noteworthy buildings nearly completed is the new home for the Yokohama Specie Bank. This structure is of the very highest type of Class A construction, and is not surpassed, as far as construction is concerned, by any edifice in the world. It is absolutely fireproof, not a stick of wood or other inflammable material having been used in its make-up.

STAR CHAMBER SESSION OF STRIKE LEADERS

The Higher Wage Association delegates from the other islands met yesterday afternoon and evening with the local representatives. The greatest secrecy has been maintained concerning the deliberations of the strike leaders, and none was granted admission except after the strictest sort of cat-ching. It is understood that no final decision was reached regarding the strike.

HASAGOWA IN TOILS FOR OPERATING BLIND PIG

Hasagowa, proprietor of a Japanese restaurant on King street, between the fishmarket and the river, is in the toils. Last night License Inspector Fennell arrested him on a charge of selling liquor without a license, and he will have to explain to the court how it all happened. For some time Fennell has been trying to land Hasagowa, but it was not until last night that he succeeded. He sent in an informer who bought two bottles of sake, so the story goes, and at the proper time descended upon the place in person and placed the proprietor under arrest.

HONOLULU MAY BE MADE GENERAL OIL-SUPPLY BASE FOR WARSHIPS

House Reaches Agreement Regarding Philippine
Tariff---News From Barcelona Is Censored
---John Heydler Succeeds Pulliam.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

WASHINGTON, August 3.—The Navy Department is considering the establishment of a supply station for oil burning warships at Honolulu. A general coaling station is being considered for California City.

The Navy Department has been conducting experiments on the old monitor Wyoming, now known as the Cheyenne, with oil as a fuel for warships. These tests have apparently been satisfactory, for twelve of the new torpedo boats ordered built are to be equipped with oil burners. Other vessels may have combination oil and coal burners. That the government contemplates establishing an oil-burning station here indicates that oilburning war vessels will either be stationed here as a base, or that visits of oilburners may be frequent.

HAWAII-BOUND LABORERS HELD BACK BY OLD LAW

ILOILO, August 3.—Five hundred laborers bound for Hawaii, are held here by a Spanish law which permits only adults to emigrate. It is believed that the delay will be slight.

HOUSE AGREES ON TARIFF

WASHINGTON, August 3.—The House has agreed on the Philippine tariff.

Senator J. W. Daniel of Virginia, speaking yesterday in the Senate on the tariff question, said that the country stands between the gallows and the grave.

HEYDLER LEAGUE PRESIDENT

LOUISVILLE, August 3.—John Heydler, secretary of the National Baseball League, has been chosen president to succeed the late Harry Pulliam.

BARCELONA PAPERS CENSORED

CEBERA, August 3.—The first train out of Barcelona arrived here yesterday with censored newspapers.

AFTERNOON CABLE REPORT.

WASHINGTON, August 2.—A meeting of the conference committees of the House and Senate on the tariff bill has been called to correct a joker which slipped into the leather schedule.

COWES, England, August 2.—Czar Nicholas and the Czarina with King Edward and Queen Alexandra reviewed the fleet here today.

WASHINGTON, August 2.—Admiral Sebree, with a fleet of eight cruisers, will arrive in Honolulu on September 11 and will remain at that port for nearly a month. Returning from their cruise in Asiatic waters they will reach Honolulu on February 1 and will make a stay of a week.

OSAKA, Japan, August 2.—The official report of the fire in this city states that 11,368 buildings have been destroyed by the fire which took place here.

CHICAGO, August 2.—Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, has covered the \$5000 forfeit which was posted by Jeffries to guarantee a fight for the championship of the world.

JOHN MARTIN, 'E'S ARRIVED AT SEATTLE

Seattle Times.—John M. Martin, chaplain of the Oahu prison in Honolulu, who is visiting the Seattle, possesses a curiosity in the shape of a newspaper written by hand, by the prisoners of that institution.

The paper is composed of four pages, written in script. The various articles, all of which deal on prison life, are well written, and spelling and grammar are above criticism. Poetry and editorials are contributed by the convicts to the editor-in-chief, who is a man who has had some experience in newspaper work.

The money received through subscriptions to the paper is turned into a fund which is used to purchase books and magazines for the prisoners.

A party of four native Hawaiians, accompanied by John M. Martin, representing the prison commission of Hawaii, arrived in Seattle Saturday evening after an extended tour of the United States.

The four Hawaiians, Judge Archibald S. Mahaula, Judge William Werner, former Judge Peter N. Kuhukoo-

luna, and Rev. Moses K. Nakuina, were the first delegates to be sent from Hawaii to a Christian Endeavor convention, which they attended in St. Paul the first part of this month.

The cities of the United States seem strange to the Hawaiians, as it is the first time they have ever visited a new country. The delegates participated in the program of the United Presbyterian church of this city yesterday, and gave several of their native hymns.

Mr. Martin, who is chaplain of the Honolulu prison, will escort the Hawaiians home, after having completed his inspection of the prisons of this country.

EWA PLANTATION PAU GRINDING SATURDAY

Ewa plantation finished grinding last Saturday. The output for the season totals up 34,380 tons, an excess of 4380 tons over the estimate for the year. For some time it has been patent that the crop would exceed the estimate, but the management was hardly prepared for the fine showing which has been made.